## THROUGH THE BIBLE STUDY 1 TIMOTHY 1-2

The eye of a hurricane is a strange phenomena.

Hurricane winds spin in a circle up to 180 mph. My wife is from South Florida, and lived through a number of hurricanes. She recalls how her dad picked coconuts from the trees, and boarded up windows. The family huddled together as the storm let loose its fury.

But at the center - in the eye of the hurricane - a strange phenomena occurred. The winds died down, and an eery calm was felt. Kathy's father opened the doors and led the family out to experience the serenity.

They had just braved a fierce storm, and soon they'd be back in its teeth, but the eye of the storm provided a brief reprieve - a chance to lick their wounds and catch their breath. The eye was nature's intermission.

In a sense 1 Timothy was written in the eye of a hurricane. Paul had just experienced a frightening storm, and unbeknownst to him he was headed back into its rage... but for the moment there was a calm.

Paul had gone to Rome to be tried before Caesar Nero. He'd stood in the lion's mouth and escaped. The Emperor set him free, but his freedom was short-lived.

For just two years later, in 65 AD, Paul was arrested again - this time for the last time. A year later Paul was beheaded - martyred for his faith in his Lord Jesus.

At the moment a fierce storm was behind him, a fiercer storm was ahead of him and Paul was in the backyard enjoying the calm... In the eye of a hurricane he writes two letters: 1 Timothy and Titus. His second letter to Timothy is penned in the final, fatal storm.

Up to this point in your Bible, Paul's letters are to churches, but the next four are written to individuals.

Timothy, Titus, and Philemon were church leaders, or pastors. Thus, we call these letters "The Pastoral Epistles." These four letters are **lessons for leaders**.

Chapter 1:1, <sup>1</sup> Timothy 1:1 "Paul, an apostle of Jesus Christ, by the commandment of God our Savior and the Lord Jesus Christ, our hope..." The term <sup>1:1</sup> "apostle" applies to an "ambassador." We'll talk about the apostolic office later, but the word means "to send as a representative." And this colored all Paul was, and did, and said.

Paul was always conscious, as we should be, that he represented realities bigger than himself. He stood for *God, His Son, the Gospel, the Church, God's grace...* 

He writes <sup>1:2</sup> "to Timothy, a true son in the faith…"

It reminds me of Billy, the pastor's 6 year-old son. At church Billy would always introduce himself as "Billy Allen, Pastor Allen's son." One night his mom suggested he drop the "Pastor Allen's son" - be his own man - introduce himself as just "Billy Allen."

The next Sunday a visitor asked Billy his name. Following his mom's advice, he replied, "I'm Billy Allen." The man replied, "Billy Allen, oh, you must be Pastor Allen's son." Billy answered, "Well, dad says so, but my mom isn't so sure." Well, unlike Pastor Allen's wife, Paul had no qualms about advertising the father-son relationship he had with this young man, Timothy.

According to Acts 16 Timothy's natural father was not a believer in Jesus. And though his mother, Eunice, and his grandma, Lois, were Christians, and godly examples, *a mom's influence only goes so far…* 

Here's a startling statistic... "When a father is an active believer, 75% of the time his kids become active believers. But when mom is the only active believer in the family the odds decrease to 15%." The *father factor* is crucial in a son or daughter's spiritual formation.

This is why Eunice jumped for joy when Paul took her son under his wing. Paul was a spiritual dad to Tim.

And Timothy became Paul's *faithful friend* and *troubleshooter*. He put out fires in Corinth, Philippi, Thessalonica, Ephesus. He became a capable pastor.

Paul greets Timothy, <sup>1:2</sup> "Grace, mercy, and peace from God our Father and Jesus Christ our Lord." When Paul writes to churches he greets them with <sup>2 Peter 1:2</sup> "grace and peace." But when he writes to pastors he adds <sup>1 Timothy 1:2</sup> "mercy."

And I can tell you firsthand, a pastor's *job is harder*, his *responsibilities are greater*, his *judgment will be stricter*... that means he really needs God's <sup>1:2</sup> "*mercy*."

In Acts 19, Paul started the church in Ephesus. It was a strong, healthy church - and when Paul moved to his next assignment, he turned its leadership over to Timothy. Here he writes to his protege, <sup>1 Timothy 1:3</sup> "As I urged you when I went into Macedonia - **remain** in Ephesus..."

Needless to say, Timothy had some big shoes to fill. Pastoring in the wake of Paul was like taking over for Bear Bryant - or filling in for Billy Graham... And you'll notice *Tim* was a bit *timid*. That's why Paul <sup>1:3</sup> *"urged"* him to *stick with it, stay at it.* Timothy needed a holy nudge.

Throughout this letter Paul follows a pattern. He **urges Timothy** - then **praises God.** In essence, he challenges Timothy to *press on* by getting him to *look up.* And the first thing Paul urges him to do is <sup>1:3</sup> *"remain."* 

As the pastor of the same church for 42 years, to my surprise, **longevity** has brought with it great rewards. In fact, I think in almost every venue "longevity" is an underrated virtue. Whether it's a job, a marriage, a community, a church you'll find some blessings come only from longevity. They accrue when you <sup>1:3</sup> "*remain.*"

In verse 3, Paul also urges Timothy to <sup>1</sup> Timothy 1:3</sup> "charge some that they teach no other doctrine, <sup>1:4</sup> nor give heed to fables and endless genealogies, which cause disputes rather than godly edification which is in faith." And what an important word for pastors today. There're so many issues that tempt us to diverge from the Scriptures.

Apparently, falsehoods **and** speculations were seeping into the church Timothy pastored. Falsehoods *deny* the truth. Speculations *distract* from it. They take people down irrelevant rabbit trails. Bible Codes, 666 interpretations, conspiracy theories are <sup>1:4</sup> *"fables and endless genealogies."* It divides rather than edifies.

Paul is telling Timothy to never let *tabloid* overshadow *truth*. The pastor's job is to keep focused.

And our focus should be the Bible. Verse 5 tells us its end result... <sup>1:5</sup> "Now the purpose of the commandment is love from a pure heart, from a good conscience, and from sincere faith..." Christian truth produces love for God and man... not arrogance... not fear... not elitism... not combativeness... not friction... but love!

That's why if a topic doesn't increase my love for God and for you; it doesn't deserve my attention! The subject might be clever and curious, but if it doesn't encourage love from a pure heart, a good conscience, and a sincere faith it doesn't merit my concentration.

Verse 6, <sup>1:6</sup> "from which some, having strayed, have turned aside to idle talk, <sup>1:7</sup> desiring to be teachers of the law, understanding neither what they say nor the things which they affirm." There were legalists in Ephesus.

Rather than preach God's grace, they forced other believers to jump through legalistic hoops. They had all kinds of *rules* and *rituals* and *requirements* that went far beyond the Gospel's call for simple faith.

*Heard of hula hoops?* Beware of *holy hoops...* you got to worship on a given day, or speak in tongues, or be baptized by **our** formula, or read from a specific Bible version, or vote for a particular political party, or educate your kids the way we do, or eat or drink our way... Do this, avoid that - *or you're a second class Christian.* The legalist says, *"Follow our stipulations or you'll never know God's best..."* That's just not true.

Faith is not about *toeing a line*, but *following Jesus*.

Recall verse 5, <sup>1:5</sup> "the purpose of the commandment is love." This was true of the OT Law - its stories, and codes of conduct, and rituals - were all about love.

The Law taught us that God loves us enough to provide a sacrifice... Even the genealogies reveal a God who cares enough about His people to call each one by name... The Law God gave to Moses was all about how to *love God* and how to *love one another*.

Verse 8, <sup>1:8</sup> "But we know that the law is good if one uses it lawfully..." Realize, it's possible to use the Bible in unbiblical ways. You can use God's law unlawfully!

Once a man fell on hard times. He turned to the Bible, closed his eyes, and plopped his finger down on the page. It read *"olive oil."* He took it as a sign. He invested in Texas oil wells and earned millions.

But soon his wells dried up, so once more he turned to the Bible. Put his finger on the page, and read, *"Paul was placed in the stocks."* It was a sign! He invested in the stock market, and once again became a millionaire.

But not soon after, the market took a dramatic dive that cost him his fortune. So once again he opened his Bible. This time his fingertip landed on, "Chapter 11."

Hopefully this last "sign" caused him to realize Bible roulette is not a reliable way to find God's will. Twist enough - cut and paste enough - and a person can make the Bible say whatever he wants. We need to interpret the Bible in context - **use the Law Lawfully**.

In 2 Timothy 2:15 Paul tells Timothy to study the Bible so that he can <sup>2</sup> Timothy 2:15 "rightly divide the word of truth."

And he comments on the correct use of the Law in verse 9, <sup>1</sup> Timothy 1:9 "Knowing this: that the law is not made for a righteous person, but for the lawless and insubordinate, the ungodly and for sinners, for the unholy and profane..." The person with *rebellion in his heart* is the one who needs *boundaries for his hands*. You need *dos and don'ts* if you lack the proper *wants*.

But a Christian has been made a new creation and given new desires. Thus, rather than be *bound by the Law,* a believer in Jesus needs to be *released to love*.

Remember, the Law is like an X-ray. It *shows* the break in the bone, but it can't fix the break. "What can wash away my sin? *Nothing but the blood of Jesus!*"

We gain God's favor and forgiveness **by faith and faith alone.** Why live with the Law looking over my shoulder when the Holy Spirit now fills my heart?

People live far more godly lives when they're bathed in God's grace than when they're flogged by the Law.

Paul says the Law is not for the righteous, but <sup>1:9</sup> "for murderers of fathers and murderers of mothers, for manslayers..." These are people full of hate, not love.

The law is <sup>1:10</sup> "For fornicators, for sodomites..." It's not love to use a person for sexual gratification with no regard for what's morally and spiritually best for them.

The long arm of the Law is <sup>1:10</sup> "for kidnappers" - Love doesn't steal another person's freedom and force them to comply against their will.... And it's <sup>1:10</sup> "for liars, for perjurers..." Love doesn't deceive or distort the truth.

Laws are necessary where people lack love.

<sup>1:10</sup> "And if there is any other thing that is contrary to sound doctrine, <sup>1:11</sup> according to the glorious gospel of the blessed God which was committed to my trust." And this is why when the Gospel arrives the Law becomes irrelevant, for <sup>1:10</sup> sound doctrine produces great love.

And notice Paul calls it 1:11 *"the glorious gospel."* I'm sure when he thought of the Gospel it brought a tear to his eye... *He shares a bit of his testimony with Timothy...* 

<sup>1:12</sup> "And I thank Christ Jesus our Lord who has enabled me, because He counted me faithful, putting me into the ministry, <sup>1:13</sup> although I was formerly a blasphemer, a persecutor, and an insolent man (literally, *a bully*); but I obtained mercy because I did it ignorantly in unbelief. <sup>1:14</sup> And the grace of our Lord was exceedingly abundant, with faith and love which are in Christ Jesus."

Notice Paul's words, <sup>1:13</sup> "I was formerly..."

What if you wrote a letter and you used those same words, *what would follow?* I was <sup>1:13</sup> *formerly "a druggie… an adulterer… a hothead… an idolater… a hypocrite…"* 

There's a line in John Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress. Christian is told, "You must know that Forgetful Green is the most dangerous place in these parts." *"Forgetful Green"* is that grassy bluff where you relax and forget *who you were* and *what you would be* apart from Christ. It's the place you get *bluffed!* Don't forget.

And Paul doesn't! Verse 15, <sup>1:15</sup> "This is a faithful saying and worthy of all acceptance, that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners, **of whom I am chief**." In his former life Paul hated Christ and killed Christians.

Now he says, <sup>1:16</sup> "However, for this reason I obtained mercy, that in me first Jesus Christ might show all longsuffering, as a pattern to those who are going to believe on Him for everlasting life." Paul realizes with him, God set a precedent... He found the meanest, vilest sinner on the block, and cut him down to size.

On the Damascus off-ramp, Jesus knocked Paul off his high horse with a bright light. He cut him down to size. He *turned* the chief of sinners to prove He can *turn* anyone. After *Paul*, there's now hope for us *all*.

And Paul erupts in praise to God! Verse 17, <sup>1:17</sup> "Now to the King eternal, immortal, invisible, to God who alone is wise, be honor and glory forever and ever. Amen."

Why remain at your post? Why represent God well? Because the King is worthy! He's timeless. He's incorruptible. He's intangible. He's wise and wonderful.

Again, notice the pattern in Paul's letter... There's a charge; then a praise. God's honor in heaven is the reason Timothy should conduct his ministry honorably.

Now in verse 18 he gives him a new challenge. <sup>1:18</sup> "This charge I commit to you, son Timothy, according to the prophecies previously made concerning you, that by them you may wage the good warfare..." Notice, Paul couches Timothy's ministry in military terminology. The word translated <sup>1:18</sup> "charge" speaks of a "combat assignment," literally, "orders from headquarters." The Christian life is surely a battleground not a playground.

We learn from these letters that Timothy was a bit timid. He loved Jesus, but when met with resistance he tended to *shrink back* rather than *rise up - cower* rather than *power*. Here Paul supplies a needed reminder...

Apparently, when God called Timothy to ministry He gave to him a few personal, predictive promises. And promises from God are powerful. They cast vision and establish direction. God's promises become *anchors in the storm, reflectors in the dark, signs along the road.* Promises fan the fire when you run out of steam.

And here's my question, *what personal promises has God made to you?* Do as Paul encourages Timothy, don't shrink back from God's promises. Don't forget them, but **recall them, embrace them** - rise up in faith, and use those promises as motivation to keep fighting.

Timothy needs to hold fast. Verse 19, <sup>1:19</sup> "Having faith and a good conscience, which some having rejected, concerning the faith have suffered shipwreck, <sup>1:20</sup> of whom are Hymenaeus and Alexander, whom I delivered to Satan that they may learn not to blaspheme."

Wars have casualties, including the spiritual battle. And Paul mentions two men who <sup>1:19</sup> *"suffered shipwreck."* Hymenaeus and Alexander denied the faith, and got the right foot of dis-fellowship. They were *booted from the body.* The fastest way to learn to appreciate what you've been given, is to be forced to live without it.

Thankfully, only a few times in the 42 years I've been a pastor have we had to remove folks from the church - and when it *had to happen* it was done biblically.

1 Timothy is going to talk a lot about membership in the Body of Christ - *its safeguards, its privileges, its obligations.* And there are times, like with Hymenaeus and Alexander, that those safeguards and privileges have to be removed to remind the person of the obligations. *Tough love has a place in church life.* 

Chapter 2, <sup>1</sup> Timothy 2:1 "Therefore I exhort first of all that supplications, prayers, intercessions, and giving of thanks be made for all men..." Hey, it's our job to pray. But for whom should we pray? Paul says, <sup>2:1</sup> "All men."

This has incredible implications. It means no human on earth is outside the reach of prayer. God wouldn't tell us to pray for <sup>2:1</sup> *"all men"* if there were *some men* for whom our prayers had no effect. Don't write anyone off... No one is beyond the reach of our prayers!

And notice the four types of prayer mentioned...

First, <sup>2:1</sup> "supplication" is a felt need - an open wound. It's a spontaneous heart cry brought to the Healer!

The next word translated, <sup>2:1</sup> "prayers," speaks of a reverence for God. This is more of a deliberate posturing before God. It's coming with a humble heart.

Third, <sup>2:1</sup> "Intercession" is a request on behalf of another person... And fourth, <sup>2:1</sup> "giving of thanks." Should anyone ever approach God apart from a grateful heart?

Thus, our prayer life should consist of all the above... cries of the heart - personal and frequent humblings - help for others - and of course, a stream of gratitude!

Pray for all men, and especially, <sup>2:2</sup> "kings and all who are in authority…" Realize as Paul pens these words the most evil tyrant the world has ever seen sits on the throne in Rome. Emperor Nero was *the kissing cousin of Adolph Hitler. He made Stalin and Mao look like babysitters*. Nero was a certifiable nut… *but not a nut that couldn't be cracked,* **if the church chose to pray!** 

No matter what you think of *President Biden*, or *President Trump* before him, biblically speaking we shouldn't talk *about him*, until we've prayed *for him*.

And how should we pray for our authorities? Verse 2 outlines the Church's political agenda. Here's what to expect from government - and quite frankly, *it's not much.* We should pray <sup>2:2</sup> "that we may lead a quiet and peaceable life in all godliness and reverence."

Realize, a government like ours that allows the right to vote - enacts laws to protect freedom - even affords the church tax breaks - would've been beyond Paul's wildest expectations. His goals were far more modest.

He says just be thankful when the government stays off your back. If you can <sup>2:2</sup> "*lead a quiet and peaceable life in all godliness and reverence…*" be thankful! *Pray that we can live and worship without government interference…* Remember the goal of the Church in society isn't the *Christianization of institutions*, but the *evangelization of individuals*. Let's pray for government to stay out of our lives, and let us share our faith freely.

Verse 3, <sup>2:3</sup> "For this is good and acceptable in the sight of God our Savior, <sup>2:4</sup> who desires all men to be saved and to come to the knowledge of the truth." Some people think God's salvation targets a select few - *that idea is foreign to the NT*. It's the Marines who want a few good men - God <sup>2:4</sup> "desires all men to be saved..."

And He's appointed a middleman to broker our salvation. <sup>2:5</sup> "For there is one God and one Mediator between God and men, the Man Christ Jesus…" In the midst of his great suffering Job felt the huge chasm that separated him from God. In Job 9:33 he cried, <sup>Job 9:33</sup> "Nor is there any mediator between us, who may lay his hand on us both." He sought help to reach God.

And this is a universal realization. Everyone knows deep inside they can't reach a holy God on their own.

This is why even non-religious people carry *a rabbit's foot, or consult mediums, or wear crystals, or pray the rosary, or hail Mary...* they're reiterating the cry of Job. They need a Mediator - a go-between - someone to bridge the gap between *God's love* and *their lostness.* 

If you want God's forgiveness and His healing... if you want to know God... you need to find someone close to God, who can solicit His help on your behalf...

And neither the Buddha, nor Muhammad, nor Moses, nor Mary, nor the saints, nor Oprah - can help you with this task. There is one Mediator between God and man - **only one** - He is <sup>1 Timothy 2:5</sup> "the Man Christ Jesus…"

And here's why Christ Jesus can broker salvation, because He <sup>2:6</sup> "gave Himself a ransom for all..." God the Son came as a man to die in the place of all men.

Jesus died not as a *criminal*, or *victim*, or a *political pawn* - but as a <sup>2:6</sup> *"ransom."* His *sinless blood* was the price required for our *freedom*. The Man Christ Jesus is the ransom God paid for *all the sins*, of *all mankind*.

One of the five cardinal points of the theological system known as Calvinism is "limited atonement." Jesus died for a select few. Yet Paul denies this theory. He tells us Jesus <sup>2:6</sup> "gave Himself a ransom FOR ALL!" Sadly, in the end not everyone will be saved, but if they're not they won't be able to blame God! Verse 4 tells us, God <sup>2:4</sup> "desires all men to be saved." The blood of Jesus Christ was shed for **all men** in **all times.** 

And now Paul points to Jesus. Paul had been a Pharisee in love with the rules of Judaism, but he *gave up* religion when he realized Jesus <sup>2:6</sup> *"gave Himself* a ransom to be testified in due time, <sup>2:7</sup> for which I was appointed a preacher and an apostle - I am speaking the truth in Christ and not lying..." It's amazing, that Paul was now preaching the faith he once persecuted.

And he adds to his resume <sup>2:7</sup> "a teacher of the Gentiles in faith and truth." As a Jewish rabbi Paul hated Gentiles, but Jesus had won his heart with love, and now directed Paul's focus to the people he once hated.

Paul has been talking about <sup>2:4</sup> "all men," but <sup>2:4</sup> "all men" come in two varieties - male and female. And now in the last half of Chapter 2 Paul is going to instruct both men and women regarding the specific roles each should play in church life. Our gender matters to God.

He begins in verse 8, <sup>2:8</sup> "I desire therefore that the men pray everywhere..." I'm sure Paul wants women to pray, but here he makes special mention of the men. Men are called to *lead*, and *good leaders* pray.

Men should pray, <sup>2:8</sup> "lifting up holy hands, without wrath and doubting…" Stick a gun in my face, *and what happens to my hands?* They shoot straight up! I surrender!… This is the attitude that men should possess - total surrender to the will and direction of God. If men want to lead they first need to bow to God.

Verse 9 is a word to women, <sup>2:9</sup> "In like manner also, that the women adorn themselves in modest apparel, with propriety and moderation, not with braided hair or gold or pearls or costly clothing, <sup>2:10</sup> but, which is proper for women professing godliness, with good works."

I like this paraphrase, <sup>1</sup> Timothy 2:10 "Women who claim to be devoted to God should make themselves attractive by the good things they do." That puts it in the positive. Real beauty is about virtue bubbling up on the inside of a woman, not adornments hanging on the outside.

Yet a Christian woman **IS** responsible for how she dresses. The idea regarding jewelry and hairstyle is to accentuate her inner beauty, not her outer appearance.

I like the motto I once saw on a T-shirt, "Modest is hottest." Rather than draw attention to her curves, a Christian woman dresses to highlight her character.

Then in verse 11, <sup>1 Timothy 2:11</sup> "Let a woman learn in silence with all submission." From here through Chapter 3 Paul deals with the qualifications for church leaders. And

eligibility falls under three categories: **character**, **giftedness**, **gender**. Sadly, today's church stresses *giftedness*. Yet the only *giftedness* Paul mentions is <sup>1 Timothy 3:2</sup> "apt to teach." His priority is on *character* and *gender*.

And Paul says of women, they should <sup>1 Timothy 2:11</sup> "*learn in silence with all submission.*" This reminds me of the senior pastor assigning sermon topics to his assistant. "*I'll take Easter, you teach on women in the church.*"

Some pastors may try to avoid this topic, but to me it's a litmus test. *Is the Church going to let the culture or Scripture define its practices?* And when you look at the whole of God's Word, His will becomes clear.

First, let me say I don't believe this verse is advocating a strict, absolute silence... that a sister can never speak up in church. For there are other places in the NT where women participate vocally in church... In I Corinthians 11:5 ladies pray and prophesy... Acts 21:9, Philip has four virgin daughters who prophesy... In Titus 2:4, older women teach younger women...

Rather than a prohibition on Christian women speaking in church, I believe the <sup>2:11</sup> *"silence"* spoken of here is the attitude that flows from a submissive spirit.

Paul adds in verse 12, <sup>2:12</sup> "And I do not permit a woman to teach or to have authority over a man, but to be in silence." Here the issue is authority, and particularly the authority that comes with teaching God's Word.

This all means that preaching in the public assembly is the job of men. And here's what a lot of ladies don't realize, if women want their men to lovingly lead in spiritual things they have to show some restraint.

Wives, if you're always asserting, and doing the talking, and taking over, **your man won't fight you for the leadership** He'll let you lead *and just go fishing.* Men are taught early on... **never to fight with girls.** If a woman is determined to lead, her man will let her.

Here's the biblical mandate... In the church and in the home the man is to lead and hold final authority, while the woman is to support and follow the man. In the eyes of God men and women are equal in righteousness and worth and gifting - but they have different roles to play in the church and in the home. Always remember "equal" does not mean "same."

Some of the best Bible teachers I've known are women. Kay Smith, my pastor's wife, was a better Bible teacher than her husband, Chuck, but men were not allowed into her class. They tried to attend, but Kay would run them off. She understood the biblical roles.

This word in verse 11 translated, <sup>2:11</sup> "submission" means "to rank under." Everyone who's ever served in the military has met someone of a higher rank who had lesser skills and smarts than you, but due to military order you submitted. A bigger purpose was in play.

This is what God asks from females in the Christian fellowship. Allow the men to lead, not because men are better, or braver, or brainier. In fact, it's usually the opposite. Men are often inferior. Yet God has a bigger purpose in play. It's not as much *logical* as it is *biblical*.

In the church and the home God wants men to lead and women to follow so the world can see **a picture** of the relationship between Christ and His church. Men are called to assume the role of Jesus, *and lovingly lead*. Ladies are commanded to act like the Church, *and willingly follow...* God wants both sexes to *complement* each other, not *compete* with one another.

Whenever you find a man who's effectively leading his family, or a church with strong male leadership; you'll also find a group of wise and godly women who chose to step back so their men could step up.

And realize, the arena God has set aside for this role-play is in the home and church, not necessarily in business or government. Women shouldn't be pastors, but the Bible has no issue with a woman President, or a CEO. It's specifically in the church and home that God is painting a redemptive picture through gender.

So when a wife submits to her husband - or when a qualified female teacher yields to a male leader - it makes a radical statement. Folks perk up and ask why. It's our opportunity to share with them the Gospel.

Jim Elliot was a famous missionary to the Indians of the Amazon. He was martyred taking the Gospel to the Aucas. Following Jim's death, his wife, Elisabeth, was left in charge of those in their village who'd been won to Christ. Without Jim, they needed a pastor, and the most qualified person among them was Elisabeth.

But Elisabeth believed 1 Timothy 2 granted authority in the church to men, not women. She wanted to obey.

So instead of teaching, Elisabeth gathered the men with leadership potential, and helped them develop the weekly sermon. She explained, "They would preach - not a very good sermon. I could have done better. But I felt it was not my job to take over the church simply because I was competent to do it. It was my job to encourage these men so that they would become competent." Here was a woman secure enough in her own skin to cooperate with God's higher purpose.

And please don't buy into the liberal dribble that the God-given roles were only applicable to the oriental culture of the first century, and don't apply to us today. Paul anticipates this argument in verses 13-14. The biblical roles of male and female transcend cultural, for he traces them back to creation - to the very first couple... <sup>2:13</sup> "For Adam was formed first, then Eve..."

Adam was *"formed first,"* and like the Oriental title of *"firstborn,"* this carried with it privileges, authority, and responsibility. God made Adam the head of the human race. The man received *"headship"* or *"firstborn status."* 

Yet how quickly both the man and woman violated their roles. They bucked God's will. Paul states, <sup>2:14</sup> "And Adam was not deceived, but the woman being deceived, fell into transgression." Eve sinned when she usurped her husband's authority, and negotiated with the devil. Adam on the other hand was weak and failed to lead. And because of their mutual rebellion, sin entered the world. All humanity has suffered since.

And in the wake of Eve's disaster, women were consoled by God with a promise of the coming Savior. Paul explains it in verse 15, <sup>2:15</sup> "Nevertheless she will be saved in childbearing..." A literal translation would be, <sup>1</sup> Timothy <sup>2:15</sup> "THE childbearing." In other words, a single, specific childbirth. This is God's promise here... a woman got you into this mess, and a woman will help get you out.

Sin came into the world when Satan tempted Eve. But salvation - ultimately the Messiah - also entered the world through a woman - a virgin named Mary.

And it's through <sup>1</sup> Timothy 2:15 "THE childbearing" - the miracle of Jesus' incarnation - that you and I can be saved...

And what's expected of us is **not** just a one-time pledge. Verse 15 exhorts us to <sup>1</sup> Timothy 2:15 "continue in faith." We are to persevere in our faith, and in the fruits of living out that faith... in <sup>2:15</sup> "love, and holiness, with self-control."